

Mr. P's Class Quiz

SOCIAL STUDIES QUIZ #2- Ancient Greece

_____ Name _____

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1) What were the two main city states of Ancient Greece?

- Roma and Alexandria
- Corinth and Olympia
- Sparta and Athens

2) What was the primary focus of much of the culture of the city of Sparta?

- Food and celebration
- Music and literature
- Painting and sculpture
- War and fighting

3) Which of the following statements best describes the historical significance of Ancient Greece?

- Much of today`s western culture is founded on Ancient Greek culture.
- It was a powerful civilization with little lasting influence.
- Greek culture had a large impact on Asian culture including China and Japan.
- The Ancient Greeks had little impact on the rest of the world other than the Olympics.

4) What was the primary focus of much of the culture of the city of Athens?

- War and fighting
- Athletics and competition
- Art and Education
- Power and Conquest

5) What area of modern society has its foundation in the Ancient Greek culture?

- Government
- Art
- Literature
- Sports
- All of the Above

6) Which type of landscape best describes much of the region of Ancient Greece?

- Flat
 - Mountainous
 - Desert
 - Rainforest
-

7) In what continent is Greece located?

- Africa
 - Asia
 - Australia
 - Europe
-

8) What sea is located along the eastern coast of Greece?

- Red Sea
 - Arabian Sea
 - Aegean Sea
 - Black Sea
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9) Which of the following best describes the climate in Greece?

- Cold all year round
 - Cool summers and mild winters
 - Hot summers and mild winters
 - Mild summers and freezing winters
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10) What geographical feature formed natural borders between the city-states of Ancient Greece?

- Mountains
- Rivers
- Lakes
- Deserts

11. What word describes the land of the Greek peninsula?

- a) rocky and mountainous
- b) flat
- c) underwater
- d) rolling

12. True or False? The ancient Greeks were excellent sailors.

- a) True
- b) False

13. The Greek word for 'city-state' is...

- a) county
- b) town
- c) borough
- d) polis

14. What type of government is run by the richest and most powerful citizens?

- a) Democracy
- b) Monarchy
- c) Oligarchy
- d) Tyranny

15. What type of government is run by a single ruler?

- a) Democracy
- b) Monarchy
- c) Oligarchy
- d) Tyranny

16. At what age did children in Sparta begin training to defend their city?

- a) 5
- b) 7
- c) 9
- d) 11

17. What does the word "Democracy" mean?

- a) "rule by the government"
- b) "rule by the many"
- c) "rule by the wealthy"
- d) "rule by the people"

18. According to the ancient Greeks, the gods and goddesses lived...

- a) in Athens.
- b) on Mount Olympus.
- c) in Sparta.
- d) in Turkey.

19. The ruler of all the Greek gods was...

- a) Poseidon.
- b) Ares.

- c) Zeus.
- d) Athena.

20. One of the most famous ancient Greek poets was...

- a) Homer.
- b) Athena.
- c) Marge.
- d) Lisa.

21. Homer is best known for doing what?

- a) Doing epic deeds.
- b) Eating epic meals.
- c) Writing epic poems.
- d) Going on epic journeys.

22. Who was the main rival of ancient Greece?

- a) The Persian Empire
- b) The Ottoman Empire
- c) The American Empire
- d) The Galactic Empire

23. Why was communication difficult between communities in Ancient Greece?

- a) They did not have telephones
- b) Mountains and Water
- c) communication was easy
- d) most people had horses

24. Which of the following is NOT a physical feature of Greece?

- a) Mountains
- b) lots of coastline
- c) peninsulas and islands
- d) vast open plains

25. Greece is a peninsula which means

- a) a mountain range with a river running through it.
- b) land surrounded by water on 3 sides
- c) an area with major rivers running through it
- d) a very mountainous region

26. How is the influence of ancient Greece seen in today's world?

- a) the clothes that they wore
- b) buildings and architecture
- c) everybody walks everywhere
- d) communities are isolated

27. The ancient Greeks were

- a) Monotheistic
- b) Polytheistic

28. Which of these was NOT a requirement for citizenship in Athens?

- a) Born there
- b) Male or female
- c) Over age 18
- d) Free male

29. During which Age did the Greeks make great advances in art, architecture, medicine, and philosophy?

- a) The Hellenistic Age
- b) The Golden Age
- c) The Peloponesian Age
- d) The Bronze Age

30. Which Greek philosopher had the method of asking questions?

- a) Socrates
- b) Aristotle
- c) Plato
- d) Alexander

31. What is an agora?

- a) outdoor theater
- b) indoor marketplace
- c) outdoor marketplace
- d) indoor theater

32. How was ancient Greek democracy different from democracy in the United States today?

- a) citizens listened to the ideas of powerful speakers
- b) citizens voted directly on all issues
- c) citizens gave their leaders total power
- d) citizens elected representatives to make laws

33. How was democracy in Athens different from other ancient forms of government?

- a) all citizens shared ruling power
- b) merchants made all of the laws
- c) people might voted unwisely
- d) slaves were equal to free men

34. How did colonies affect ancient Greek culture?

- a) They led the Greeks to adopt Asian culture
- b) they caused village cultures to develop in different ways
- c) they spread the culture to a wide area
- d) they forced settlers to lose their culture and rights as Greeks.

35. Which is NOT a contribution of Athens?

- a) art
- b) science
- c) religion
- d) democracy